

Positive Behaviour Policy

This policy has been developed in accordance with national guidance and with reference to statutory duties; Behaviour in Schools 2022, Use of Reasonable Force in Schools July 2013 (reviewed 2015), Reducing the Need for Restraint June 2019, and Mental health and behaviour in Schools 2018.

We aim to:

- Promote positive and prosocial behaviour.
- Teach internal discipline (the desire to do the right thing because it feels good to do so, without the need for external reward).
- Develop mutual respect between all stakeholders.
- Prevent bullying.
- Regulate the conduct of children.
- Ensure positive behaviours for learning.

The school expects every member of the school community:-

- To be ready, respectful and safe.
- To build positive relationships.
- ♣ To look after our school environment indoors and outdoors.
- To play their part to achieve their best in everything.

Referring to the SHINE values.

S- Show you care.

H – Help each other.

I- Inspire yourself and others to make good choices.

N – Never give up.

E – Enjoy learning without limits.

Acknowledging and reinforcing positive behaviour

- We emphasise and reinforce positive behaviours by recognising and praising pro-social behaviour.
- Children can earn 'Dojo' points for good work, good conduct behaviour and helping others. These can be
 exchanged for prizes when they have earnt enough.
- Positive feedback and celebration notes home to parents/carers.
- Specific praise from the adults, "I like the way you..."
- Praise from their peers (compliments shared by their peers).
- Doing special jobs in class/school.
- Praise from senior staff.
- Public rewards such as a certificate from the headteacher for good work or behaviour handed out in assembly.

Promoting positive behaviours for life:

The school delivers high quality teaching experiences and delivers both the statutory RSHE (Relationships, Sex, and Health Education) and the non-statutory PSHE (Personal, social, health and economi curriculum); to support children's emotional literacy development.

Focussed/Personalised support for children.

A school's behaviour policy is for all children, but we recognise some children find it hard to express and regulate their emotions. This may be for a range of reasons, for example, a specific underlying health condition or special educational need. Where necessary the school will develop a positive behaviour support plan and /or Individual Risk Management Plan to support children further.

Supporting inappropriate/negative displays of behaviour

As a school, we use techniques from 'Norfolk Steps'. This is a therapeutic and restorative behaviour management approach endorsed by Norfolk County Council. Staff at King's Oak receive full training and this is updated regularly by the school's Norfolk Steps lead professional. The approach champions building positive relationships with children and young people, analysing behaviour to understand possible triggers and causes, and planning to prevent these. It also promotes individual planning for children whose behaviour requires more support, such as using set scripts and limited choices to support them when in crisis. At King's Oak we use consequences not punishments. These fall into two categories.

Protective consequences: Example – If a child runs away at playtime and will not come into the safety of the building, the consequence is play must happen inside.

Educational consequences: Example – If a child is being unsafe with scissors the consequence might be learning to use them properly and why it is necessary to do so.

Children do not need to be sad about the consequences. Consequences teach better behaviour, punishments simply control it temporarily until the punishment is over.

Behaviours that harm:

Teachers have a legal power to use reasonable, proportionate and necessary force to maintain order. In certain circumstances it may be necessary for staff to use a restrictive physical intervention (RPI or restraint) to prevent/stop harm to peers, staff and this includes damage to property. Staff will only intervene with a restrictive physical intervention where it is reasonable, proportionate and necessary, for example to prevent injury to a child, or if a child is in danger of hurting themselves. Any RPI will be for the minimum amount of time and use the minimum amount of force. Only staff trained in the "Norfolk Step Up" procedures will lead on this action. In an emergency, a person who is not trained may have to instigate RPI until support arrives, to prevent harm. All restrictive physical intervention incidents are recorded and parents made aware. The Headteacher has the responsibility for giving fixed-term exclusions to individual children for serious acts of harmful behaviour. For repeated, or very serious acts, the Headteacher may permanently exclude a child (Exclusion Policy). Both these actions are only taken after the chair of governors has been notified. In the absence of the Headteacher, senior members of the school team (Deputy Head/Assistant Head) will assume this responsibility.

Working with parents:

The school works collaboratively with parents, so children receive consistent messages about how to behave at home and at school. Where the behaviour of a child is giving cause for concern it is important that all those working with the child are aware of the steps which are being taken in response.

If parents have any concern about the way that their child has been treated, they should initially contact the class teacher or a member of the senior leadership team. Following the outcome of the meeting. If these discussions cannot resolve the problem, a formal grievance or appeal process can be implemented – see separate KWEST Complaints policy

Review : King's Oak will review the policy annually and share with the Local Improvement Team members. Last reviewed: May 2025

The Step On approach is a therapeutic approach to behaviour management but there must be clear and consistent responses to the different levels of challenging behaviours. The following table illustrates the school's actions and support.

Levels of Behaviour Management		
LEVEL 1	TEACHER ACTION	EXTRA SUPPORT
Child shows pro-social	Positively reinforce behaviour with	Involve others in celebration
behaviours.	appropriate comments.	of achievement
Polite, well mannered, kind,	Specific feedback and rewards.	Dojos (special class points which lead to
cooperative, following instructions		prizes)
and doing their best.		Golden person
		Determined Dalmatians
LEVEL 2	TEACHERS ACTION	EXTRA SUPPORT
Low level disruptions:	Staff focus on children getting it	Team meetings to identify
Es Dudenaga ionarina staff	right and doing what is asked.	support and positive
Eg. Rudeness, ignoring staff instructions, refusing work/to take	Praise for what is going well given to the child.	strategies.
part in activities, being unkind to	Reminder of our SHINE principles.	
other children (saying unkind	Simple, clear instructions given	
words, interfering with a child's	with limited choice. E.G. "Listening	
ability to listen and work by taking	to the story, sitting on the chair or	
their resources etc).	the carpet	
	Disempowering behaviour "You can	
	listen from there."	
LEVEL 3	TEACHERS ACTION	EXTRA SUPPORT
Poor attitude to learning and work.	Consult with Headteacher	Support from SENCO and
Unresponsive and can be	colleagues and parents.	HT. Involve whole school
aggressive in class	Action may include loss of	approach and parents
	Protective or educational	Pupil passport/SENCO
	consequences. Behaviour plan may be needed.	
LEVEL 4	TEACHERS ACTION	EXTRA SUPPORT
Continually breaches rights of	Behaviour plans will be regularly	Contact inclusion team for
others.	reviewed and updated.	further support as necessary.
Regular, persistent serious	Restrictive physical intervention	Team will consider if the
challenging and/or harmful	may be required - audit of need	setting is appropriate and can
behaviours. E.g. serious verbal or	completed and staff trained as	meet need.
physical assault, intimidation,	necessary.	
disruption, defiance, damage to	Possible fixed term exclusion	
property.		
Continued deterioration in		
behaviour, ignoring attempts for		
help and support.	TEAGUEDS AGTTON	EVED 4 CHIPDOPE
Level 5	TEACHERS ACTION	EXTRA SUPPORT
Seriously violating rights of others.	Refer directly to Head Teacher Fixed Term Exclusion	Involvement of Governors,
No improvement despite behaviour	Possible permanent	School Psychological Service and outside agencies.
planning that has been updated and	Exclusion	Sol vice and ourside agencies.
monitored,	- CASIGNOT	
Poor effect on peers		
Harmful		
Uncontrollable and uncooperative		